

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES A. GARFIELD,
Of Ohio.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
CHESTER A. ARTHUR,
Of New York.

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

Fifty cases of small-pox were reported in Troy, New York, night before last. Two deaths have already occurred, and another patient is dying. Much uneasiness is felt.

The steamer Vera Cruz is undoubtedly lost. She went down off the Florida coast, in the terrific storm which prevailed Thursday night. So far only thirteen persons of the seventy on board are known to have been saved, and of these only three were passengers. The survivors are in distress at Jacksonville, Florida, and have telegraphed the owners of the lost vessel that they are in urgent need of assistance.

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The Mayor and Council of Salt Lake City secured a special train for Ogden, and had arranged to meet Hayes, Governor Murray thereupon organized a reception party, excluding all Mormons. Friday evening the Mayor received a telegram from the President saying that he would be the guest of Governor Murray. The municipal authorities are very indignant, and have resolved not even to call on Mr. Hayes, claiming that they have been insulted. Only Gentiles and the rabble among the Mormons will show themselves. The Presidential party will arrive there this morning and leave Monday.

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"The recent movement of the Chinese to our Pacific coast is too much like an importation to be welcomed without restriction; too much like an invasion to be looked upon without solicitude."—Gen. Garfield.

"We cannot consent to allow any form of servile labor to be introduced among us under the guise of immigration."—Gen. Garfield.

MOUNTAIN LAKES.

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Hundreds of little Alpine lakes, with their clear, deep, cold, emerald waters, are embosomed among the crags of the Sierra Nevada mountains. Their origin may be traced to the more powerful actions of glacial agencies in past times; in some cases, gorges dammed up by ancient moraines. The streams that now supply these "Gems of the Sierra" are born in the cold, gloomy solitudes of the upper mountain region, amid perpetual snow banks. Many of these charming lakes are nestled in the least explored portions of the "High Sierra," and have not been mapped or described; nay, some of them have as yet no designating names. There are the reservoirs of melting snows, and some of them—as those near the headwaters of the Yuba—are the sources of Summer supply for hundreds of miles of mining districts. Hence, the existing condition of our topographical knowledge of these wild and imperfectly explored mountain fastnesses renders it impossible to furnish anything like a complete catalogue of the mountain lakes of the Sierra Nevada. The following table embraces some of the more conspicuous lakes embosomed among the crags of that portion of the Sierra Nevada extending from Lassen's Peak (lat. 40 30) in the north, to Mt. Brewer (lat. 38 30) in the south. With the exception of Tahoe, most of them are comparatively small:

MOUNTAIN LAKES OF THE SIERRA NEVADA.

NAME.	Alt. Above Sea Level.	Area in Acres.	Length in Miles.	Width in Miles.	Depth in Feet.	Volume in Cubic Feet.
Gold Lake	10,000	10	1/2	1/2	60	100,000
Truckee Lake	9,500	10	1/2	1/2	60	100,000
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Washoe Lake	8,000	10	1/2	1/2	60	100,000
Tahoe Lake	7,500	10	1/2	1/2	60	100,000
Tenaya Lake	7,000	10	1/2	1/2	60	100,000

These Alpine lakes, with their clear, fresh, snow-clad peaks, surrounded by lofty snow-clad peaks, whose slopes are covered with magnificent groves of pine and fir, constitute the most attractive feature in the lesser summit valleys of the Sierra Nevada. The charmingly picturesque character which they impart to the wild and rugged scenery of these mountains has not been overlooked by tourists, poets and artists. But the inaccessibility of most of these "emerald gems" has prevented them from receiving that notice which their exquisite beauties deserve. As civilization penetrates into these mountain retreats, they will become more accessible, and consequently better appreciated by cultivated visitors. The most extensive, as well as the most celebrated, of these bodies of fresh water is Lake Tahoe.

Inter-Oceanic Commerce.

Joseph Nimmo, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, has issued his report on the commercial aspects of the proposed American inter-oceanic canal. He says that during the latest year for which commercial statistics can be collected, the proposed canal might have offered passage for less than 3 per cent of the international commerce of the globe upon the ocean. The value of commodities transported between New York and San Francisco via Panama, have fallen from \$7,202,026 in 1869 to \$4,947,755 in 1879, and the number of passengers from 26,853 in 1869 to 4,496 in 1879, while the trade between the Atlantic and the Pacific ports of the United States via Cape Horn, has also been, to a considerable extent, diverted to the trans-continental railway line. There is, besides, a large and growing commerce between the Pacific ports of the United States and interior points east of the Rocky mountains, chiefly St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnati, to which the proposed canal would not present any direct competition. Mr. Nimmo's presentation of the case of Chili, Peru, Bolivia and China is not more favorable to the construction of the Panama canal than are the above citations of his conclusions regarding the commerce of the United States.

Republican Prospects in Minnesota.

Congressman W. D. Washburn, of the Third Minnesota District has been renominated, and says his ancient and wily enemy, Mr. Ignatius Donnelly, who contested his seat at the last session of Congress, has retired to private life and will never be heard from again politically. He says there will be a gain of one Republican Congressman from Minnesota in the next Congress, and that Mr. H. B. Strait, a former member, will this year beat Mr. Pochler, who is the Democratic member now from the Second district. In the First district there is some division, although Mr. Mark H. Dunnell, the present member, has been renominated and will beat the other Republican candidate as well as the Democratic nominee. The State will give the Republican electors from twenty to twenty-five thousand majority. That, in his opinion, is the kind of a State Minnesota is.

Eureka wants a paid fire department. One plan is a first investment of \$10,000 for engines, cisterns, etc., and a monthly expenditure of \$1,000.

Two new cases of small pox are reported at Stockton.

AGRICULTURE IN NEVADA.

["E. D." in the Rural Press.]

Only in a few spots in the State of Nevada can any other than the natural growth of vegetation be produced without irrigation. And the causes that combine to render this impossible, the natural aridity of the atmosphere and soil, make water so scarce that irrigation can be practiced to only a limited extent. As a result, there is not much cultivated grass, fruit or grain raised in the State—not half enough fruit or grain for the consumption of the inhabitants. The more hardy kinds of fruit, such as apples, plums, etc., do tolerably well if planted in choice ground and carefully looked after. Good crops of grain and the cultivated grasses can also under like conditions be raised. But nowhere do we meet with such crops of grain as are to be seen in California or Oregon, whether as regards area or growth. The fields here are, as a general thing, mere patches situate at the mouth of canyons or at other places where water can be easily brought upon them. Not a dozen fields can be found in the State containing as much as 100 acres of grain in a body, the most of them comprising not more than 10, 15 or 20 acres each. But little of the grain sown here is cut for hay, the wild grasses and the crops of alfalfa cultivated for the purposes, being mainly depended upon for hay-making. The former is apt to be coarse and unwholesome, making but a poor article of hay. The grain raised being designated chiefly for horse-feed consists mostly of barley, with a little oats, the latter grain not doing very well here. Nevada produces little flour, there being not more than three or four small grist mills in the State. I do not think any attempts have been made at growing other of the cereals than those mentioned. Owing to the much staging and teaming going on, great quantities of hay and grain for horse-feed are required here, calling for the importation of considerable portions of the latter from California. Much of the oats comes from Indian valley, Plumas Co., where this grain is extensively grown and distinguished for its excellence. In passing along the series of valleys that reach from Reno southeast to Walker river, a hundred miles or more, one sees many large and thrifty fields of alfalfa, also extensive natural meadows, along Carson river, on which stand immense haystacks, some of them containing more than a hundred tons each.

VINES, VEGETABLES AND BERRIES.

In some of these valleys are to be seen fine patches of potatoes, with a few other vegetables of the hardier kinds, for the more tender cannot stand the unseasonable frosts so common to this climate. The tomato has a fight for it, and scarcely ever fully ripens. The bean is apt to be nipped while in its succulent state, and corn seldom matures beyond the boiling ear. But the potato is generally good—in fact, very fine, the Washoe "spud," because of its excellence, being sometimes exported to California. Of viniculture on the "Eastern Slope" and beyond, the less said the better, the Washoe grape being like the "Washoe zephyr" and the "Washoe canary"—a thing in praise of which but little can be said. In favored localities, however, certain varieties of the grape do moderately well; berries, ditto, though to perfect these latter, great care is required.

Nevada, like other parts of the Great Desert basin, may be said to be almost without indigenous fruits and berries. Save a species of wild currant, the choke cherry, some esculent roots dug by the Indians, the seeds of the bunch grass and the pine nut, hardly anything edible is found growing here. The native tribes feed also on a kind of clover while tender in the Spring.

FRUIT, ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES.

The only natural tree-growth met with after we get beyond the Sierra consists of the nut pine, cedar and mountain mahogany, all scrubby trees, with here and there a sparse grove of more stately pines standing at considerable altitudes on the mountains and some straggling cottonwoods along the streams. Besides these we have only the willow, small and scanty, and the ever-present artemisia, generally a stunted and worthless scrub, though on some of the alluvial bottoms growing large enough to furnish an indifferent sort of fuel. But some foreign trees can be made to grow here if only planted in a good soil and helped till they get well rooted by irrigation. The locust has been extensively planted and thrives well. The several varieties of the gum seem also to prosper, and I noticed in the Capitol grounds at Carson the elm and various other exotics that appear to be doing well enough. Reno and Carson are fairly embowered in trees, many of them strangers, that even seem quite at home here, growing apparently with as much exuberance as the cottonwood and other indigenous trees standing by their sides. About these towns are extensive and well cultivated nurseries of both ornamental and fruit trees, great numbers of which being now large enough to be transplanted, are being sent to all parts of the State.

In due time Nevada will probably produce enough fruits of most kinds for home consumption. At present the principal part of it comes from California, some of it being brought by railroad and some by teams that come in over the several wagon roads built across the Sierra many years ago. Of these the only ones much traveled at present are the Sonora and Mono, the Big Trees and the Placerville routes, the principal business now done over the last two consisting of the passage of fruit wagons, live stock, etc. From 15 to 20 years ago the Placerville route was the great thoroughfare, the most of the Washoe business having been done over it prior to the building of the Central Pacific Railroad over the mountains. The tolls received on this road enriched Kingsbury, the builder, the receipts for the first two years having more than covered the cost of construction—some \$75,000 or \$80,000. The tolls now received barely suffice to keep the road in repair. Owing to the partial failure of the fruit crop in El Dorado, Amador and Calaveras counties this traffic has been very much curtailed the present Summer, though it will most likely increase later in the season, when the grapes and the Fall pears and apples mature. For 12 to 15 years past it has been a common thing to meet the wagons of the fruit peddlers far out in the desert of Nevada. This year, to the distress of the inhabitants, they appear in greatly reduced numbers.

NEW TO-DAY.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

SOUTH SIDE IRRIGATING CANAL COMPANY. Location of Canal, Washoe county, Nevada. Principal place of business, Reno, Nevada. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company, held on the 24th day of September, A. D. 1890, an assessment (No. 13) of eighty cents per share was levied on each and every share of the capital stock of the company, payable immediately in U. S. gold coin to John B. Williams, Secretary, and Treasurer, at his office in the Court House, Reno, Nevada. Any stock on which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 6th day of October, 1890, will be delinquent, and will be advertised for sale, at public auction, and unless previously paid, will be sold by the Secretary of said Company, at his office, on Saturday, the 6th day of November, 1890, at 2 o'clock P. M. of that day, to pay such delinquent assessment, together with costs and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Trustees, JNO. B. WILLIAMS, Secretary. Reno, September 4, 1890.

LIEN NOTICE.

IN JUSTICE COURT, RENO TOWNSHIP. Washoe county, State of Nevada. Fred Bosch, plaintiff, vs. M. T. Coats and H. Ruhe, defendants. All persons holding or claiming liens under the provisions of the Act of the Legislature of the State of Nevada, entitled, "An Act to secure liens to mechanics and others, and to repeal all other Acts in relation thereto," approved March 24, 1875, upon this certain premises in Reno, Washoe county, Nevada, known as the Coats House Hotel, on Flaca street, are hereby notified to appear before the above Court on the 27th day of Sept. 1890, at 10 o'clock A. M. and exhibit then and there the proof of their said liens. WM. CAIN, Attorney for Plaintiff. Reno, September 5, 1890.

"Be Thou Clean."

KANE'S XXX BLEACHING SOAP gives the best results with the least labor! Try it! Manufactured by D. S. TALLMAN. sep2

ELOCUTION.

ALL PERSONS DESIROUS OF TAKING lessons in the **ART OF ELOCUTION.** Are requested to attend the Riform Club at the hall next Saturday evening, at which time and place applicants for scholarship for one term will be enrolled on the list of names. sep1 MRS. C. Y. BENJAMIN, Teacher.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HOLDING POLICIES OF insurance in the Dwelling House, Underwriter's and other insurance companies for which E. E. Potter was agent in San Francisco, for 1879, are notified that I am agent for all of said companies, and they can have their policies renewed in the same on application to me. W. N. ENOX. Reno, Sept. 1, 1890-1m

To the Ladies.

LADIES desirous of having their old straw or felt hats remodeled will please hand them in between now and Wednesday next, Sept. 1st. Respectfully, JULIA PRESQUOTT, milliner. aug24d



Though sinking like an Aspen leaf with the chills and fever, the victim of malaria may still recover by using this celebrated specific, which not only breaks up the most stubborn attacks, but prevents their recurrence. It is indubitably preferable to quinine, not only because it does the business far more thoroughly, but also on account of its perfect wholesomeness and invigorating action upon the entire system. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SUPT. OF SCHOOLS.

R. F. HOY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for County Supt. of Schools, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR ASSESSOR.

A. A. EVANS WILL BE A CANDIDATE for Assessor, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.

GEO. W. AVERY WILL BE A CANDIDATE for Constable of Reno Township, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

LOUIS DEAN ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

MATT GLADDING OF WADSWORTH, will be a candidate for County Commissioner (Short Term), subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.

AMOS ALT ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for Constable of Reno Township, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

E. WATTMORE ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for Justice of the Peace of Reno Township, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

J. W. BOYNTON ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for County Commissioner (Short Term), subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

T. K. HYMERS WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Commissioner (Long Term), subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

WM. H. YOUNG ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for Justice of the Peace of Reno Township, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

M. T. COATS ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

T. V. JULIEN ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR CLERK.

NATE W. ROFF WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR ASSEMBLYMAN.

W. T. HANFORD ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for Assemblyman, subject to the decision of the Washoe County Republican Convention.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

DR. A. DAWSON WILL BE A CANDIDATE for State Senator, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.

ISAAC CHAMBERLAIN WILL BE A candidate for Constable of Reno Township, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

FOR SUPT. OF SCHOOLS.

THE MANY FRIENDS OF W. R. JENVEY Announce him as a candidate of County Superintendent of Schools, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.

ASA DAWSON WILL BE A CANDIDATE for Constable of Reno Township, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

S. A. HAMLIN WILL BE A CANDIDATE for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

JOHN BOWMAN WILL BE A CANDIDATE for District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

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S. A. MANN WILL BE A CANDIDATE for District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR ASSESSOR.

WM. F. EVERETT WILL BE A candidate for County Assessor, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR CLERK.

W. A. FOGG WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR CLERK.

JOHN CAHLAN WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR ROAD SUPERVISOR.

O. W. AYER ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for Road Supervisor, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR CLERK.

R. S. O'BURN WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

FOR TREASURER.

D. B. BOYD WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

FOR RECORDER.

JNO. B. WILLIAMS WILL BE A candidate for County Recorder, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

W. A. WALKER WILL BE A CANDIDATE for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

FOR CLERK.

MARK PARTSH WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A CHANGE!

AND ONE OF PARTICULAR INTEREST to the General Public.

CHAS. KNUT.

J. E. JONES.

KNUT & JONES,

Sunderland's New Building, Reno, Nevada.

—DEALERS IN—

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

HARDWARE, GLASSWARE, TIN, IRON & ZINC, CROCKERY, IRON PIPE, WILLOW-WARE, LARGES & SMALL, PAINTS & OILS, FARMING IMPLEMENTS, WINES, LIQUORS AND BUILDERS' MATERIALS, TOBACCO, ETC., ETC.

And Everything Found in a First-Class Merchandise Store.

My Stock comprising in size with any carried by the largest houses in the cities.

Full Weights! Lowest Prices!

Give Us A Call,

Country Orders will receive prompt attention

KNUT & JONES.

GRAND

SPRING & SUMMER OPENING

AT NATHAN'S,

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AT NATHAN'S,

West side of Virginia St., Reno.

My Stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps, Shirts, Underwear, Ties, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Etc., Etc.,

—IS THE—

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST

IN THE CITY.

ap5-11 M. NATHAN.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

CHEAPER THAN EVER. We escaped the fire and have our full supply of everything in the furniture and bedding line.

FINE WALNUT AND PINE CHAMBER SETS.

Chairs of Every Description.

All Kinds of Spring and Top Mattresses, Lounges, Sofas, Tables, Desks, window shades, Brackets, Etc.

Agents for the Singer Sewing Machines. Full stock of COFFINS, CASKETS AND UNDERTAKERS' GOODS.

HANDERS & NEALE, Odd Fellows' Building Virginia

HAMMOND & WILSON.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

We announce more in **OUR NEW STABLE.** Opposite the Depot House.

And are ready to carry on our business as heretofore. The

Susannah and Surprise Valley Stages will leave the Lake House at their regular hours, as before the fire.

We have the Best of Accommodations in Our Line.

HAMMOND & WILSON Proprietors.

O. LOWERY. E. R. SMITH.

VERDI PLANING MILL CO.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN **LUMBER** OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

MINING AND BRIDGE TIMBERS, SHINGLES, Common and Finishing Lumber, Matched and Dressed Flooring, Ceiling, Bevel Edge Siding, Rustic Siding.

DOORS, BLINDS, SASHES, SCROLLING, FANCY FRONT DOORS, TRANSOMS, Window and Door Frames, and Architraves Made to Order.

BRACKETS, SAWED BALUSTERS, and all kinds of Scroll Sawing done to order.

NEWEL POSTS, BALUSTERS & TURNINGS of all Descriptions. ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED. Address VERDI MILL CO., Verdi, Nevada. ap5-11

GO TO BLAKELY'S

WEST SIDE OF VIRGINIA STREET, —For—

Stationery, Books, Candies, Nuts, Cigars, Tobacco, PIPES, YANKEE NOTIONS, ETC., ETC.

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These Alpine lakes, with their clear, fresh, snow-clad peaks, surrounded by lofty snow-clad peaks, whose slopes are covered with magnificent groves of pine and fir, constitute the most attractive feature in the lesser summit valleys of the Sierra Nevada. The charmingly picturesque character which they impart to the wild and rugged scenery of these mountains has not been overlooked by tourists, poets and artists. But the inaccessibility of most of these "emerald gems" has prevented them from receiving that notice which their exquisite beauties deserve. As civilization penetrates into these mountain retreats, they will become more accessible, and consequently better appreciated by cultivated visitors. The most extensive, as well as the most celebrated, of these bodies of fresh water is Lake Tahoe.

Inter-Oceanic Commerce.

Joseph Nimmo, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, has issued his report on the commercial aspects of the proposed American inter-oceanic canal. He says that during the latest year for which commercial statistics can be collected, the proposed canal might have offered passage for less than 3 per cent of the international commerce of the globe upon the ocean. The value of commodities transported between New York and San Francisco via Panama, have fallen from \$7,202,026 in 1869 to \$4,947,755 in 1879, and the number of passengers from 26,853 in 1869 to 4,496 in 1879, while the trade between the Atlantic and the Pacific ports of the United States via Cape Horn, has also been, to a considerable extent, diverted to the trans-continental railway line. There is, besides, a large and growing commerce between the Pacific ports of the United States and interior points east of the Rocky mountains, chiefly St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnati, to which the proposed canal would not present any direct competition. Mr. Nimmo's presentation of the case of Chili, Peru, Bolivia and China is not more favorable to the construction of the Panama canal than are the above citations of his conclusions regarding the commerce of the United States.

Republican Prospects in Minnesota.

Congressman W. D. Washburn, of the Third Minnesota District has been renominated, and says his ancient and wily enemy, Mr. Ignatius Donnelly, who contested his seat at the last session of Congress, has retired to private life and will never be heard from again politically. He says there will be a gain of one Republican Congressman from Minnesota in the next Congress, and that Mr. H. B. Strait, a former member, will this year beat Mr. Pochler, who is the Democratic member now from the Second district. In the First district there is some division, although Mr. Mark H. Dunnell, the present member, has been renominated and will beat the other Republican candidate as well as the Democratic nominee. The State will give the Republican electors from twenty to twenty-five thousand majority. That, in his opinion, is the kind of a State Minnesota is.

Eureka wants a paid fire department. One plan is a first investment of \$10,000 for engines, cisterns, etc., and a monthly expenditure of \$1,000.

Two new cases of small pox are reported at Stockton.

AGRICULTURE IN NEVADA.

["E. D." in the Rural Press.]

Only in a few spots in the State of Nevada can any other than the natural growth of vegetation be produced without irrigation. And the causes that combine to render this impossible, the natural aridity of the atmosphere and soil, make water so scarce that irrigation can be practiced to only a limited extent. As a result, there is not much cultivated grass, fruit or grain raised in the State—not half enough fruit or grain for the consumption of the inhabitants. The more hardy kinds of fruit, such as apples, plums, etc., do tolerably well if planted in choice ground and carefully looked after. Good crops of grain and the cultivated grasses can also under like conditions be raised. But nowhere do we meet with such crops of grain as are to be seen in California or Oregon, whether as regards area or growth. The fields here are, as a general thing, mere patches situate at the mouth of canyons or at other places where water can be easily brought upon them. Not a dozen fields can be found in the State containing as much as 100 acres of grain in a body, the most of them comprising not more than 10, 15 or 20 acres each. But little of the grain sown here is cut for hay, the wild grasses and the crops of alfalfa cultivated for the purposes, being mainly depended upon for hay-making. The former is apt to be coarse and unwholesome, making but a poor article of hay. The grain raised being designated chiefly for horse-feed consists mostly of barley, with a little oats, the latter grain not doing very well here. Nevada produces little flour, there being not more than three or four small grist mills in the State. I do not think any attempts have been made at growing other of the cereals than those mentioned. Owing to the much staging and teaming going on, great quantities of hay and grain for horse-feed are required here, calling for the importation of considerable portions of the latter from California. Much of the oats comes from Indian valley, Plumas Co., where this grain is extensively grown and distinguished for its excellence. In passing along the series of valleys that reach from Reno southeast to Walker river, a hundred miles or more, one sees many large and thrifty fields of alfalfa, also extensive natural meadows, along Carson river, on which stand immense haystacks, some of them containing more than a hundred tons each.

VINES, VEGETABLES AND BERRIES.

In some of these valleys are to be seen fine patches of potatoes, with a few other vegetables of the hardier kinds, for the more tender cannot stand the unseasonable frosts so common to this climate. The tomato has a fight for it, and scarcely ever fully ripens. The bean is apt to be nipped while in its succulent state, and corn seldom matures beyond the boiling ear. But the potato is generally good—in fact, very fine, the Washoe "spud," because of its excellence, being sometimes exported to California. Of viniculture on the "Eastern Slope" and beyond, the less said the better, the Washoe grape being like the "Washoe zephyr" and the "Washoe canary"—a thing in praise of which but little can be said. In favored localities, however, certain varieties of the grape do moderately well; berries, ditto, though to perfect these latter, great care is required.

Nevada, like other parts of the Great Desert basin, may be said to be almost without indigenous fruits and berries. Save a species of wild currant, the choke cherry, some esculent roots dug by the Indians, the seeds of the bunch grass and the pine nut, hardly anything edible is found growing here. The native tribes feed also on a kind of clover while tender in the Spring.

FRUIT, ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES.

The only natural tree-growth met with after we get beyond the Sierra consists of the nut pine, cedar and mountain mahogany, all scrubby trees, with here and there a sparse grove of more stately pines standing at considerable altitudes on the mountains and some straggling cottonwoods along the streams. Besides these we have only the willow, small and scanty, and the ever-present artemisia, generally a stunted and worthless scrub, though on some of the alluvial bottoms growing large enough to furnish an indifferent sort of fuel. But some foreign trees can be made to grow here if planted in a good soil and helped till they get well rooted by irrigation. The locust has been extensively planted and thrives well. The several varieties of the gum seem also to prosper, and I noticed in the Capitol grounds at Carson the elm and various other exotics that appear to be doing well enough. Reno and Carson are fairly embowered in trees, many of them strangers, that even seem quite at home here, growing apparently with as much exuberance as the cottonwood and other indigenous trees standing by their sides. About these towns are extensive and well cultivated nurseries of both ornamental and fruit trees, great numbers of which being now large enough to be transplanted, are being sent to all parts of the State.

In due time Nevada will probably produce enough fruits of most kinds for home consumption. At present the principal part of it comes from California, some of it being brought by railroad and some by teams that come in over the several wagon roads built across the Sierra many years ago. Of these the only ones much traveled at present are the Sonora and Mono, the Big Trees and the Placerville routes, the principal business now done over the last two consisting of the passage of fruit wagons, live stock, etc. From 15 to 20 years ago the Placerville route was the great thoroughfare, the most of the Washoe business having been done over it prior to the building of the Central Pacific Railroad over the mountains. The tolls received on this road enriched Kingsbury, the builder, the receipts for the first two years having more than covered the cost of construction—some \$75,000 or \$80,000. The tolls now received barely suffice to keep the road in repair. Owing to the partial failure of the fruit crop in El Dorado, Amador and Calaveras counties this traffic has been very much curtailed the present Summer, though it will most likely increase later in the season, when the grapes and the Fall pears and apples mature. For 12 to 15 years past it has been a common thing to meet the wagons of the fruit peddlers far out in the desert of Nevada. This year, to the distress of the inhabitants, they appear in greatly reduced numbers.

NEW TO-DAY.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

SOUTH SIDE IRRIGATING CANAL COMPANY. Location of Canal, Washoe county, Nevada. Principal place of business, Reno, Nevada.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company, held on the 24th day of September, A. D. 1890, an assessment (No. 13) of eighty cents per share was levied on each and every share of the capital stock of the company, payable immediately in U. S. gold coin to John B. Williams, Secretary, and Treasurer, at his office in the Court House, Reno, Nevada.

Any stock on which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 6th day of October, 1890, will be delinquent, and will be advertised for sale, at public auction, and unless previously paid, will be sold by the Secretary of said Company, at his office, on Saturday, the 6th day of November, 1890, at 2 o'clock P. M. of that day, to pay such delinquent assessment, together with costs and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
JNO. B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.
Reno, September 5, 1890.

LIEN NOTICE.

IN JUSTICE COURT, RENO TOWNSHIP. Washoe county, State of Nevada. Fred Bosch, plaintiff, vs. M. T. Coats and H. R. Hume, defendants. All persons holding or claiming liens under the provisions of the Act of the Legislature of the State of Nevada, entitled, "An Act to secure liens to mechanics and others, and to repeal all other Acts in relation thereto," approved March 24, 1875, upon this certain premises in Reno, Washoe county, Nevada, known as the Coats House Hotel, on Flaca street, are hereby notified to appear before the above Court on the 27th day of Sept. 1890, at 10 o'clock A. M. and exhibit then and there the proof of their said liens.

WM. CAIN,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Reno, September 5, 1890.

"Be Thou Clean."

KANE'S XXX BLEACHING SOAP gives the best results with the least labor! Try it! Manufactured by
D. S. TALLMAN.
sep2

ELOCUTION.

ALL PERSONS DESIROUS OF TAKING lessons in the
ART OF ELOCUTION.
Are requested to attend the R-form Club at the hall next Saturday evening, at which time and place applicants for scholarship for one term will be enrolled on the list of names
sep1
MRS. C. Y. BENJAMIN, Teacher.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HOLDING POLICIES OF insurance in the Dwelling House, Underwriter's and other insurance companies for which E. E. Potter was agent in San Francisco, for 1879, are notified that I am agent for all of said companies, and they can have their policies renewed in the same on application to me.
W. N. ENOX.
Reno, Sept. 1, 1890-1m

To the Ladies.

Reno August 28, 1890.
LADIES desirous of having their old straw or felt hats remodeled will please hand them in between now and Wednesday next, Sept. 1st.
Respectfully, JULIA PRESQUOTT,
aug28d Milliner.



Though sinking like an Aspen leaf with the chills and fever, the victim of malaria may still recover by using this celebrated specific, which not only breaks up the most stubborn attacks, but prevents their recurrence. It is indubitably preferable to quinine, not only because it does the business far more thoroughly, but also on account of its perfect wholesomeness and invigorating action upon the entire system.
For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SUPT. OF SCHOOLS.
R. F. HOY ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for County Supt. of Schools, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR ASSESSOR.
A. A. EVANS WILL BE A CANDIDATE for Assessor, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.
GEO. W. AVERY WILL BE A CANDIDATE for Constable of Reno Township, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

FOR SHERIFF.
LOUIS DEAN ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER.
MATT GLADDING OF WADS WORTH, will be a candidate for County Commissioner (Short Term), subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.
AMOS ALT ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for Constable of Reno Township, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
E. WATTMORE ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for Justice of the Peace of Reno Township, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER.
J. W. BOYNTON ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for County Commissioner (Short Term), subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER.
T. K. HYMERS WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Commissioner (Long Term), subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
WM. H. YOUNG ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for Justice of the Peace of Reno Township, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

FOR SHERIFF.
M. T. COATS ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
T. V. JULIEN ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR CLERK.
NATE W. ROFF WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR ASSEMBLYMAN.
W. T. HANFORD ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for Assemblyman, subject to the decision of the Washoe County Republican Convention.

FOR STATE SENATOR.
DR. A. DAWSON WILL BE A CANDIDATE for State Senator, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.
ISAAC CHAMBERLAIN WILL BE A candidate for Constable of Reno Township, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

FOR SUPT. OF SCHOOLS.
THE MANY FRIENDS OF
W. R. JENVEY
Announce him as a candidate of County Superintendent of Schools, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.
ASA DAWSON WILL BE A CANDIDATE for Constable of Reno Township, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

FOR SHERIFF.
S. A. HAMLIN WILL BE A CANDIDATE for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
JOHN BOWMAN WILL BE A CANDIDATE for District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
S. A. MANN WILL BE A CANDIDATE for District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR ASSESSOR.
WM. F. EVERETT WILL BE A candidate for County Assessor, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR CLERK.
W. A. FOGG WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR CLERK.
JOHN CAHLAN WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR ROAD SUPERVISOR.
O. W. AYER ANNOUNCES HIMSELF A candidate for Road Supervisor, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR CLERK.
R. S. O'BURN WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

FOR TREASURER.
D. B. BOYD WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

FOR RECORDER.
JNO. B. WILLIAMS WILL BE A candidate for County Recorder, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

FOR SHERIFF.
W. A. WALKER WILL BE A CANDIDATE for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

FOR CLERK.
MARK PARTSH WILL BE A CANDIDATE for County Clerk, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A CHANGE!
AND ONE OF PARTICULAR INTEREST to the General Public.

CHAS. KNUT. J. K. JONES.
KNUT & JONES,
Sunderland's New Building, Reno, Nevada.

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And Everything Found in a First-Class Merchandise Store.

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AT NATHAN'S, AT NATHAN'S, AT NATHAN'S,
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READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps, Shirts, Underwear, Ties, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Etc., Etc.,
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LARGEST AND CHEAPEST
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FURNITURE! FURNITURE!
—CHEAPER THAN EVER.

We escaped the fire and have our full supply of everything in the furniture and bedding line.
FINE WALNUT AND PINE CHAMBER SETS.

Chairs of Every Description.
All kinds of Spring and Top Mattresses, Lounges, Sofas, Tables, Desks, window shades, Brackets, Etc.

Agents for the Singer Sewing Machines
Full stock of
COFFINS, CASKETS AND UNDERTAKERS' GOODS.

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LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

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OUR NEW STABLE.
Opposite the Depot House.

And are ready to carry on our business as heretofore. The
Susanville and Surprise Valley
Stages will leave the Lake House at their regular hours, as before the fire.

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MINING AND BRIDGE TIMBERS, SHINGLES,
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DOORS, BLINDS, SASHES, SCROLLING,
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Window and Door Frames, and Arch-
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BRACKETS, SAWED
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